

Name: _____

Date: ____/____/____



LIKE - LIKES DON'T LIKE - DOESN'T LIKE

AFFIRMATIVE

I like flowers.
You like chocolate.
We like fast food.
They like secrets.

NEGATIVE

I don't like flowers.
You don't like chocolate.
We don't like fast food.
They don't like secrets.

He likes snakes.
She likes chocolate.
It likes bones.

He doesn't like snakes.
She doesn't like chocolate.
It doesn't like bones.



QUESTIONS

+ You like chocolate.
? Do you like chocolate?
+ She likes chocolate.
? Does she like chocolate?

SHORT ANSWERS

Yes, I do.
No, I don't.
Yes, she does.
No, she doesn't.



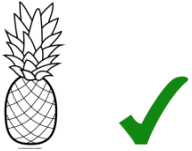
1) Write affirmative and negative sentences.



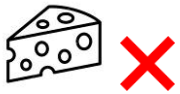
She likes chocolate.



I don't like coffee.



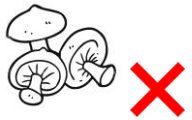
He _____.



They _____.



We _____.



I _____.



It _____.



She _____.

2) Answer the questions below.

1. Do you like dancing? _____.
2. Do you like playing the piano? _____.
3. Do you like playing soccer? _____.
4. Do you like riding a bicycle? _____.
5. Do you like skateboarding? _____.
6. Do you like bowling? _____.



CLASSROOM PRACTICE
NIGHT OWLS WORKSHEET NUMBER 4

Name: _____

Date: ____/____/____

COMPARATIVES

<p>Short adjective + ER. old → older young → younger CVC + ER (the final consonant is doubled) big → bigger hot → hotter Short adjective ended in -Y → -IER easy → easier heavy → heavier</p>	<p>Long adjective: MORE + long adjective exciting → more exciting beautiful → more beautiful Irregular adjectives good → better bad → worse</p> <p>We use THAN after the comparative form of the adjective. John is taller than Mary. A Ferrari is more expensive than a Fiat.</p>
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1) Make sentences using comparatives.

a) Curitiba / cold / Rio de Janeiro

Curitiba **is colder than** Rio de Janeiro.

b) Curitiba / small / São Paulo.

_____.

c) Curitiba / clean / Rio de Janeiro.

_____.

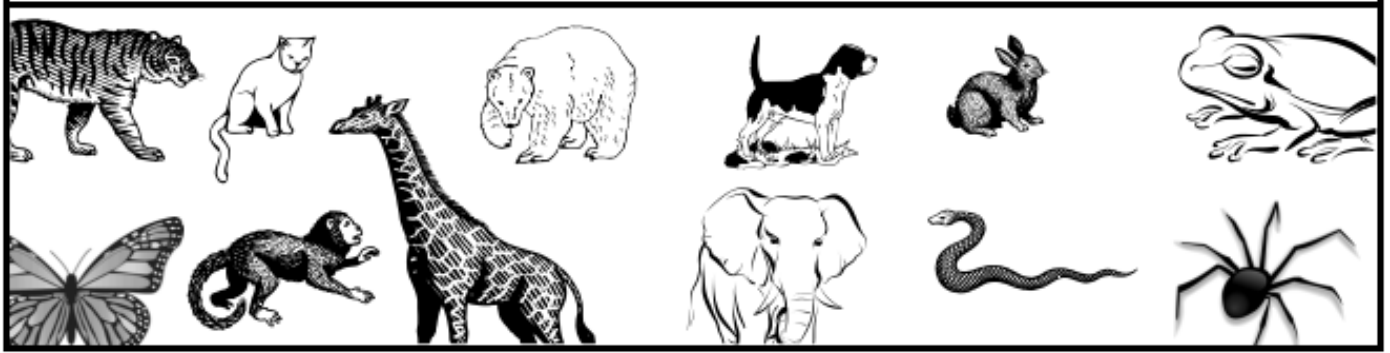
d) A car / expensive / a bicycle.

_____.

e) A monkey / intelligent / mouse.

_____.

2) Fill in the missing vowels: a e i o u.



- a. A t_g_r _s b_gg_r th_n _ c_t.
- b. A c_t _s sm_ll_r th_n _ b__r.
- c. A b__r _s m_r_ d_ng_r__ _s th_n _ d_g.
- d. A d_g _s fr__ndl__r th_n _ r_bb_t.
- e. A r_bb_t _s f_st_r th_n _ fr_g.
- f. A fr_g _s n__s__r th_n _ b_tt_rfly.
- g. A b_tt_rfly _s m_r_ b__ _t_f_l th_n _ m_nk_y.
- h. A m_nk_y _s sm_rt_r th_n _ g_r_ff_.
- i. A g_r_ff__ _s t_ll_r th_n _ n_l_ph_nt.
- j. An _l_ph_nt _s str_ng_r th_n _ sn_k_.
- k. A sn_k__ _s l_ng_r th_n _ sp_d_r.
- l. A sp_d_r _s sl_w_r th_n _ t_g_r.



ART

NIGHT OWLS WORKSHEET NUMBER 1

Name: _____

Date: ____/____/____

SHADING TECHNIQUES

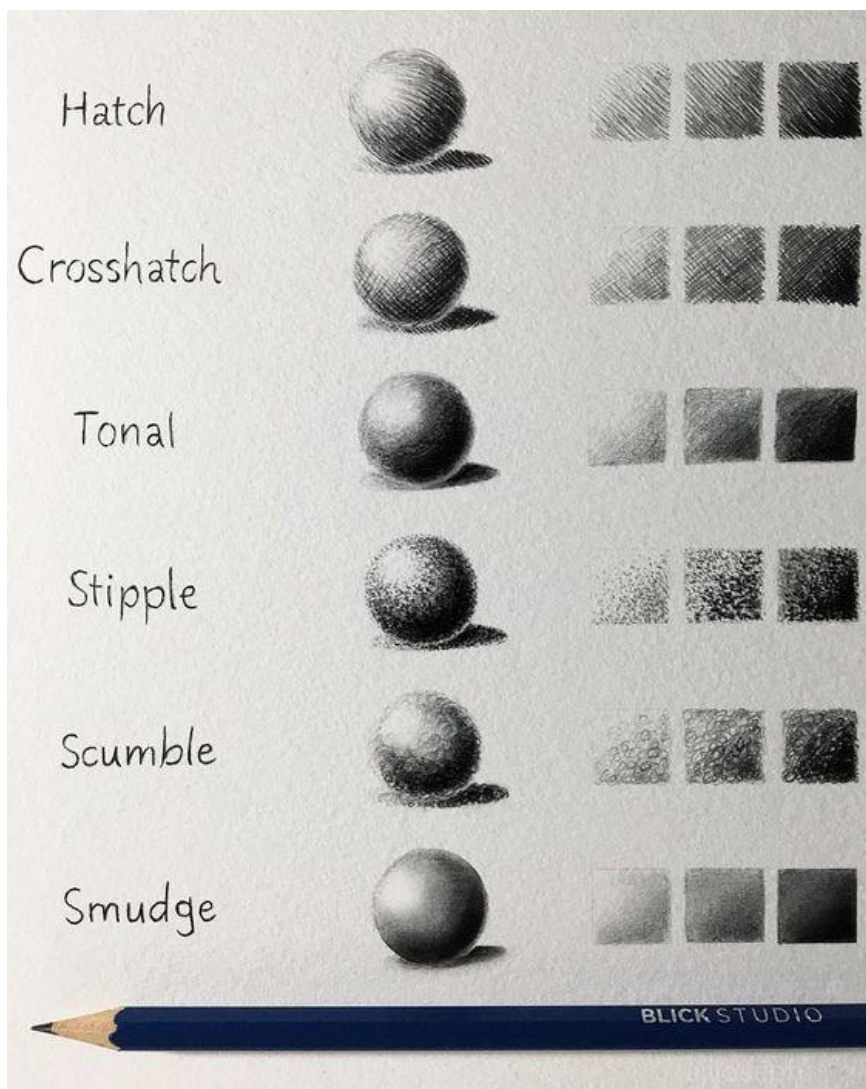
Value scale exercise

Let's practice the value scale technique

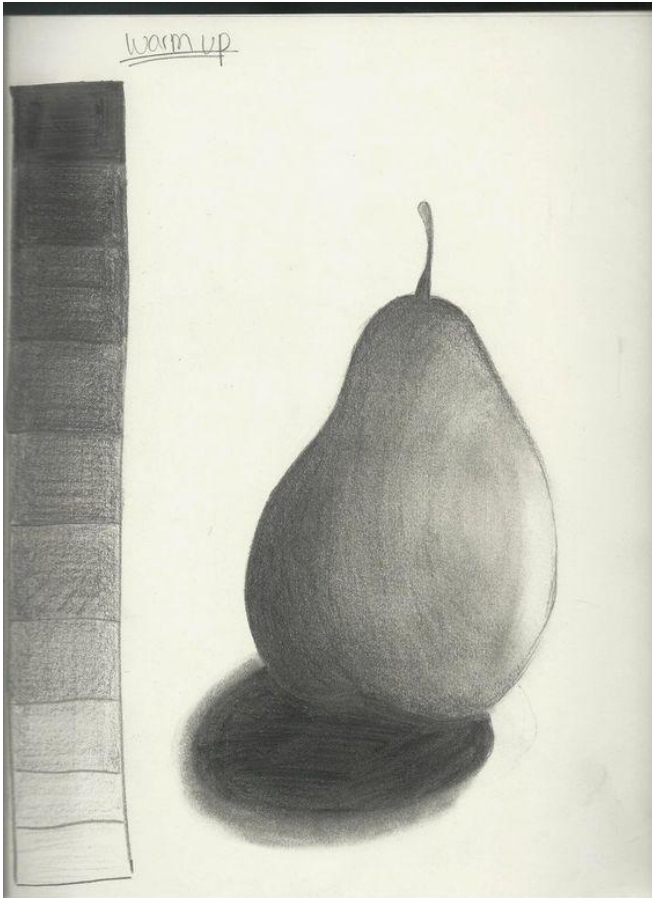
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-WR-FyUQc6I>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q0YIqCCXgBc>

1. Let's practice different ways of creating shadow.



2. What about drawing a fruit and filling it in using the value scale technique?



3. What about creating a composition with trunks and coloring using the value scale technique ?



Goal : Improve the value scale technique. This technique is used to create a sense of depth in an image



PHYSICAL EDUCATION

NIGHT OWLS WORKSHEET NUMBER 1

Name: _____

Date: ____/____/____

Review – SPIDERS AND FLIES

Let's remember how we play this game?

What's the meaning of Spider?

What's the meaning of Flies?

The spiders will stay in the middle of the court and they need to say:

Spiders: **"We are spiders!"**

While the flies are in the goal area.

The flies will respond: **"We are flies!"**

Spiders: **"We are gonna get you!"**

Flies: **"Just you try!!"**

So the flies need to run to the other side of the court without getting caught!

Do you like this game?

Do you have any suggestions to make this game even better?